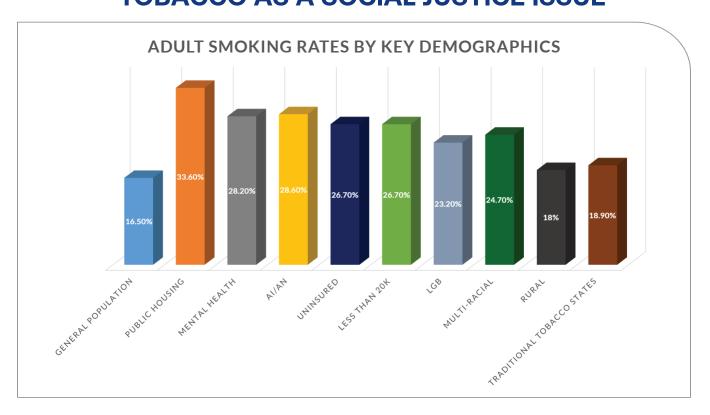


TOBACCO AS A SOCIAL JUSTICE ISSUE



CURRENT ADULT SMOKING RATE BY MENTAL ILLNESS/SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS

% OF ADULTS WITH ANY MENTAL ILLNESS WHO SMOKE

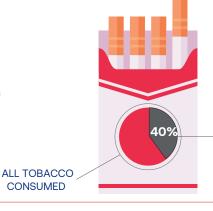
% OF ADULTS WITH NO MENTAL ILLNESS WHO SMOKE





People with substance use disorders who smoke are much more likely to die from their tobacco use than from their drug or alcohol addiction.

Persons with mental health or substance use disorders consume almost 40% of the US tobacco market



TOBACCO **CONSUMED BY** PEOPLE WITH MENTAL HEALTH OR SUBSTANCE USE **DISORDERS**

Adults with serious mental illness and a tobacco related diagnosis had a median age of death

25years younger

than adults without serious mental illness and a tobacco related diagnosis.

- 1. Bandiera FC, Anteneh B, Le T, Delucchi K, Guydish J. Tobacco-Related Mortality among Persons with Mental Health and Substance Abuse Problems. Li S, ed. PLoS ONE. 2015;10(3):e0120581. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0120581
- 2. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. "Smoking & Tobacco Use." September 24, 2018. https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/data_statistics/fact_sheets/adult_data/cig_smoking/index.htm

CONSUMED

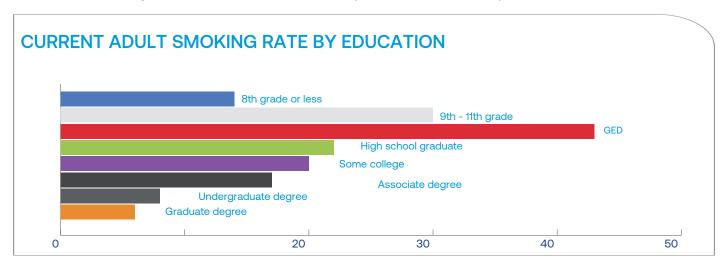
- 3. Giovino, Gary A, et al. "Differential Trends in Cigarette Smoking in the USA: Is Menthol Slowing Progress?" Tobacco Control, vol. 24, no. 1, 2013, pp. 28-37., doi:10.1136/tobaccocontrol-2013-051159.
- 4. Lipari R, Van Horn S. "Smoking and Mental Illness Among Adults in the United States." The CBHSQ Report. Rockville, MD: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. June 20, 2017. https:// www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/report_2738/ShortReport-2738.html.2.
- 5. Source for the bar graph: CDC. BRFSS 2016. (all percentages except public housing, source for that: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. "A Health Picture of HUD-Assisted Adults, 2006-2012." March 2017. https://www.huduser.gov/portal/ sites/de pdf/Health-Picture-of-HUD.pdf). Traditional tobacco states include: GA, KY, NC, SC, TN and VA.
- 6. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. "Results from the 2016 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Detailed Tables. [PDF-35 MB]" September 7, 2017. https://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUH-DetTabs-2016/ NSDUH-DetTabs-2016.pdf.
- 7. Truth Initiative. "Tobacco Use in LGBT Communities." February 13, 2018. https://truthinitiative.org/news/tobacco-social-justice-issue-smoking-and-lgbt-communities.
- 8. Truth Initiative. "Why Are 72% of Smokers from Lower-Income Communities?" January 24, 2018. www.truthinitiative.org/news/why-are-72-percent-smokers-lower-income-communities.



TOBACCO AS A SOCIAL JUSTICE ISSUE

CURRENT ADULT SMOKING RATE BY INCOME

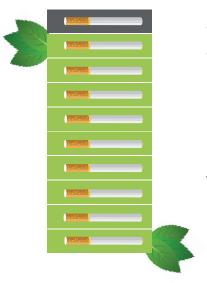
- Low income neighborhoods are likely to have more tobacco retailers than other neighborhoods.
- Approximately 72% of those who smoke are from lower income communities and nearly 27% of their income is spent on tobacco products.



CURRENT ADULT SMOKING RATE BY SEXUAL ORIENTATION

LGBT young adults smoke at rates 2 times higher than their straight peers, in part due to Big Tobacco's aggressive marketing towards the LGBT community including sponsoring events, bar promotions, giveaways and advertisements.

CURRENT ADULT SMOKING RATE BY AFRICAN AMERICANS



Approximately 9 of 10 African Americans who smoke, smoke menthol.

Menthol is easier to start using and harder to quit compared to nonmenthol.

